



Energy efficiency in large scale distributed systems : the Green-NET initiative

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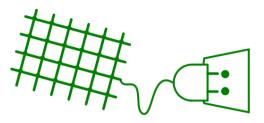
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OGF25, Catania, 4/3/2009



Green-Net Running project



- Power aware software frameworks for high performance data transport and computing in large scale distributed systems
- ARC GREEN-NET : (Action de Recherche Coopérative supported by INRIA)
- Partners teams :
 - IRIT (Toulouse)
 - INRIA MESCAL (Grenoble)
 - INRIA RESO (Lyon)
 - Virginia Tech (USA)

http://www.ens-lyon.fr/LIP/RESO/Projects/GREEN-NET/

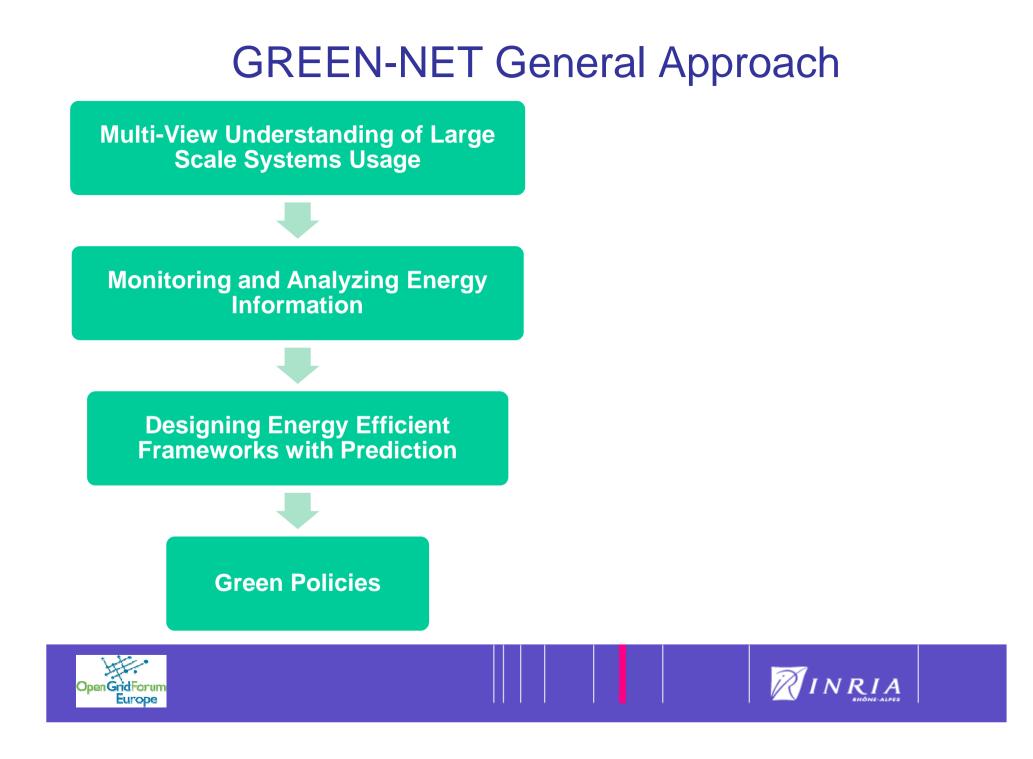


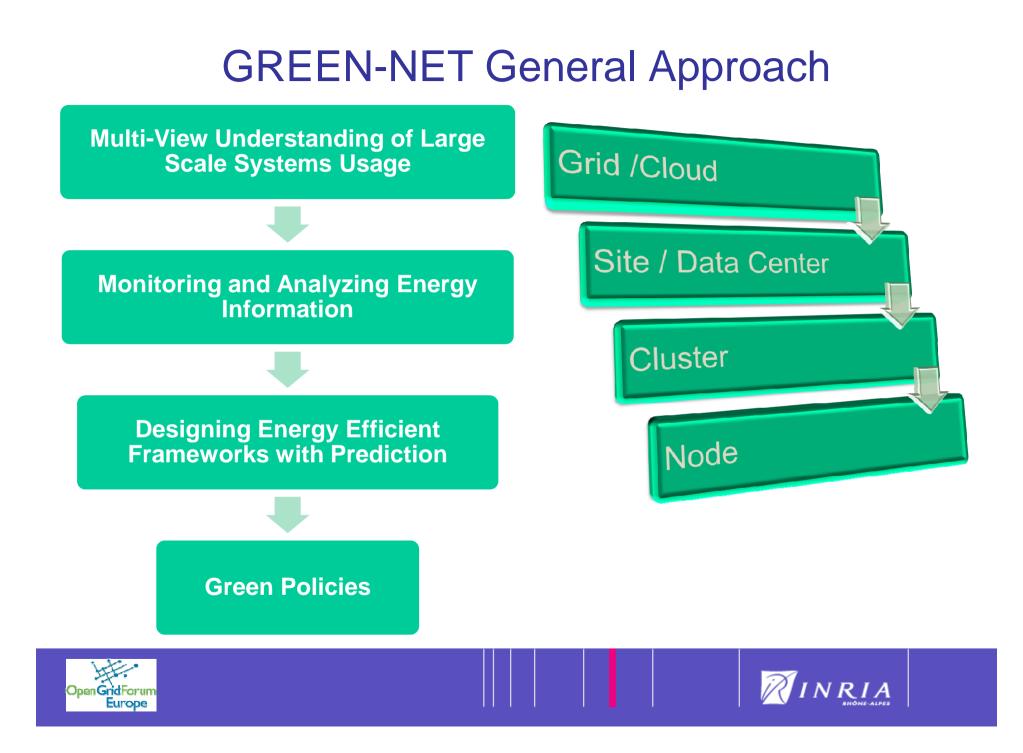
Towards Energy Aware Large Scale Systems : open questions

- How to reduce energy usage without compromising QoE : Quality of Experiment ?
- How to understand and to analyze the usage of large scale platforms?
- How to apply energy usage models on this experimental usage ?
- How to monitor lively such usage (multiple views (Grids, datacenters, clusters, nodes, services, processes, threads))?
- How to design energy aware software frameworks ?

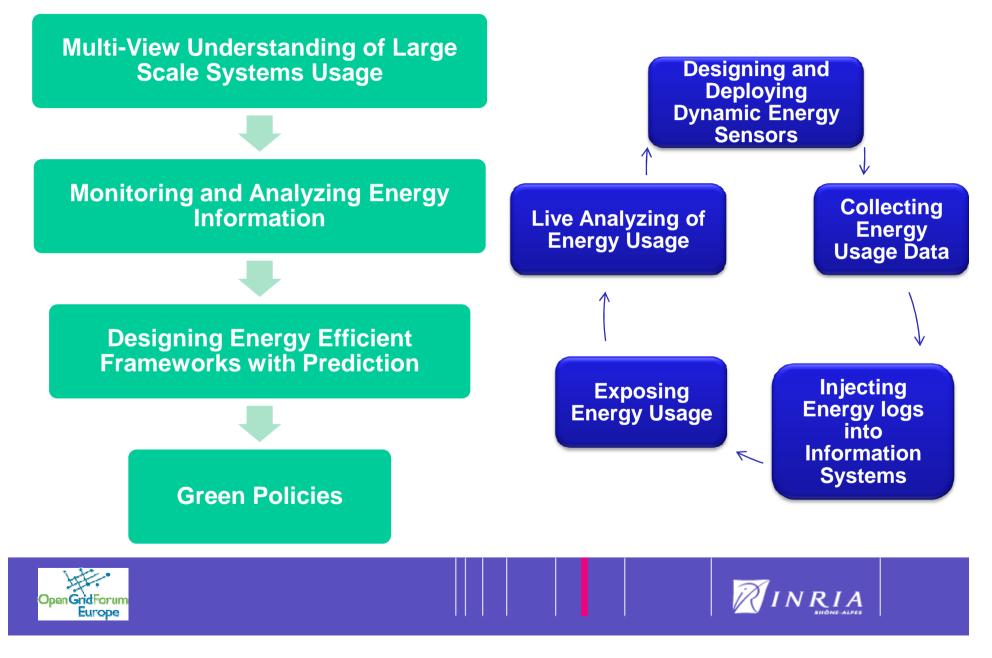




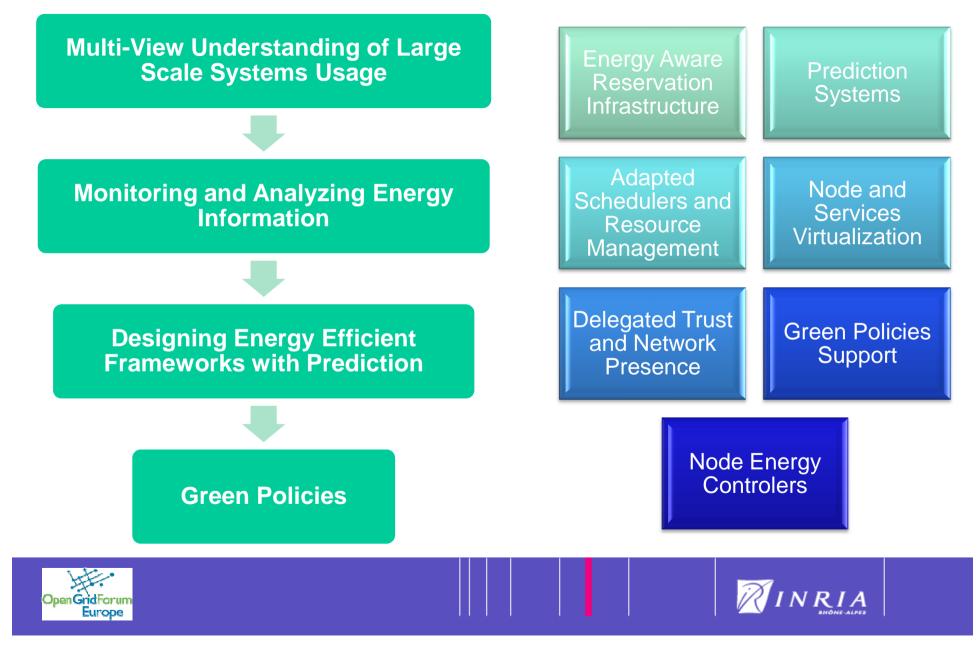




GREEN-NET General Approach

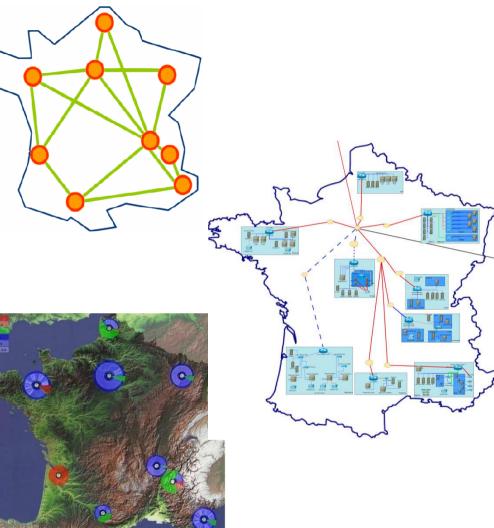


GREEN-NET General Approach



How an experimental platform is used : the Grid5000 case

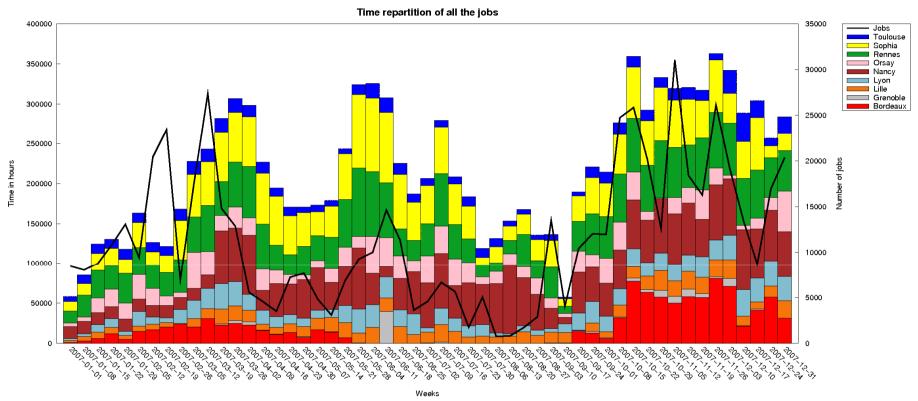
- Experimental testbed for research
- 9 sites geographically distributed in France
- 4000 processors
- Usage : Nodes reservation, image deployment, node reboot, exclusive usage of reserved nodes







Analysis of global usage

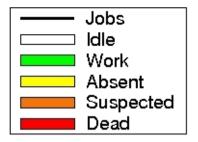


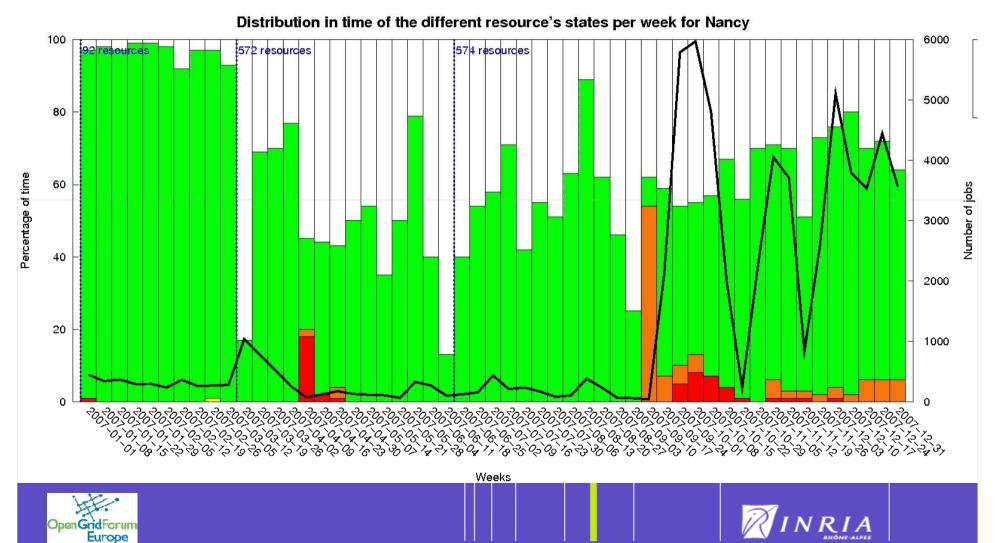
Some low average value but burst support – In average 40% to 70% usage / Operational Grids : 60% to 70% average usage

Global usage is not enough -> need more precise views

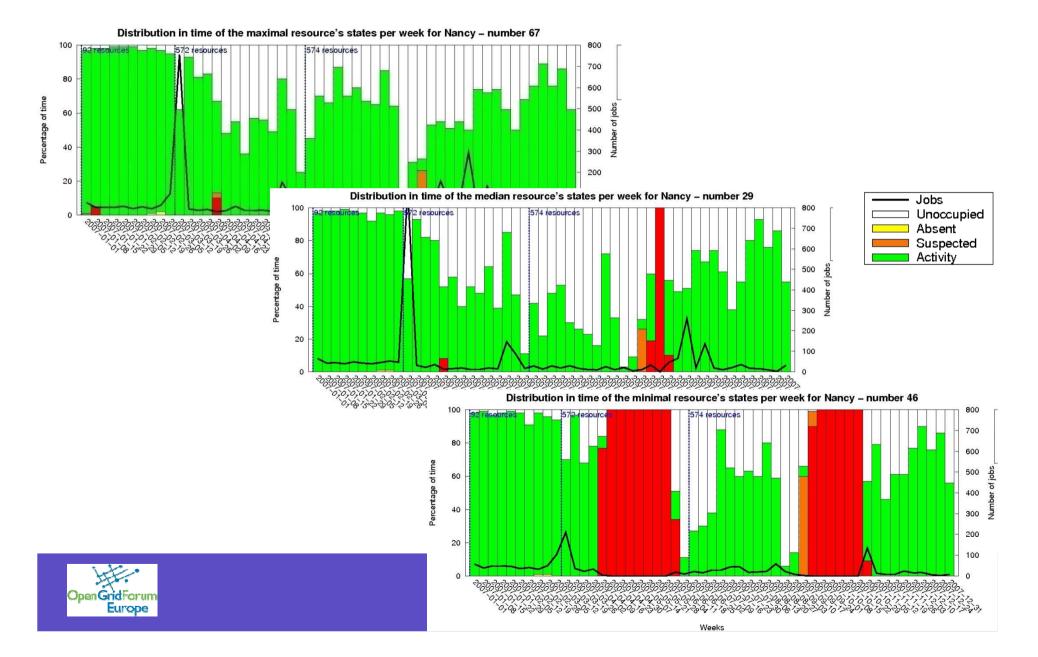


Zoom on a site

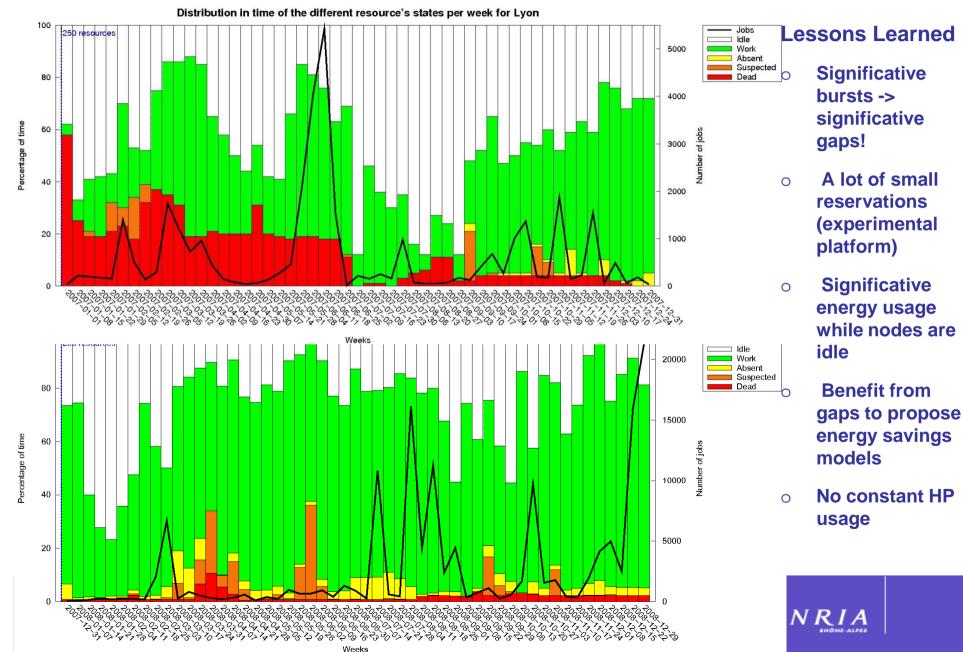




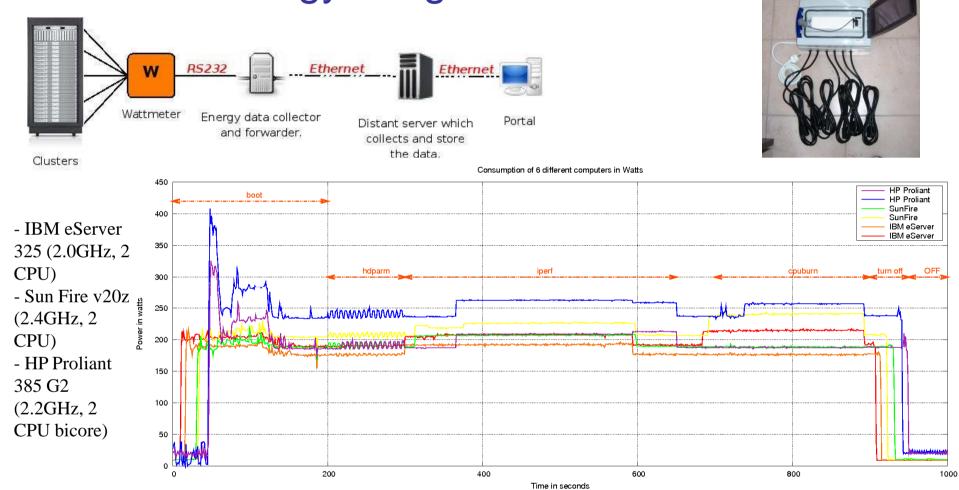
Focus on nodes heterogeneity



Platform usage evolution



Energy usage of nodes



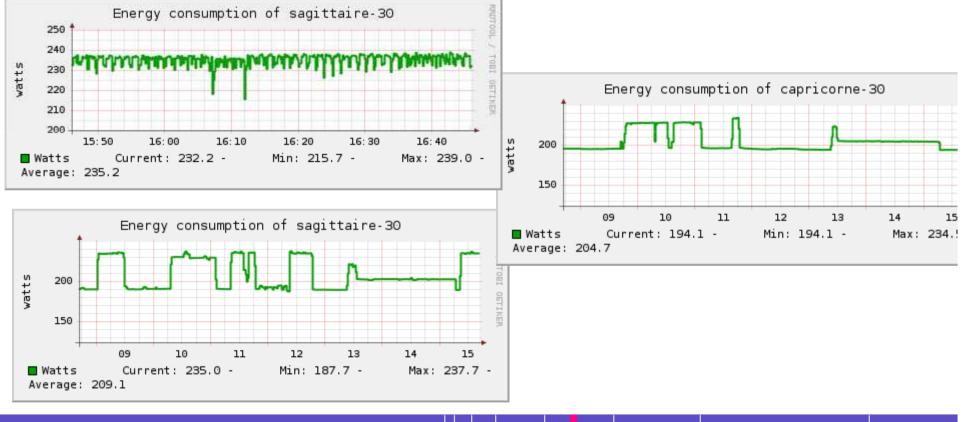
Impact of hardware, usage, location...





Live Energy Monitoring

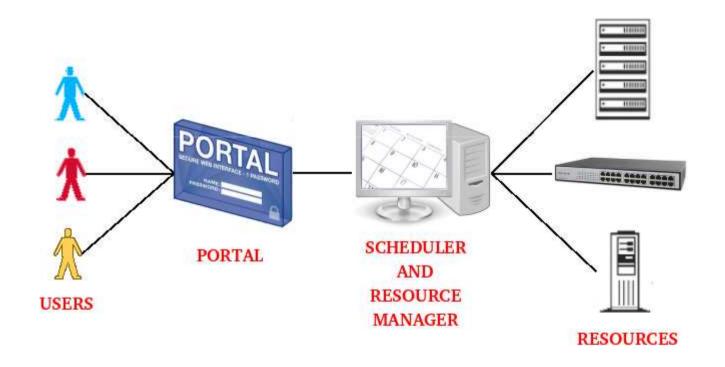
• Feedback for users (days,weeks, month) for the reserved nodes







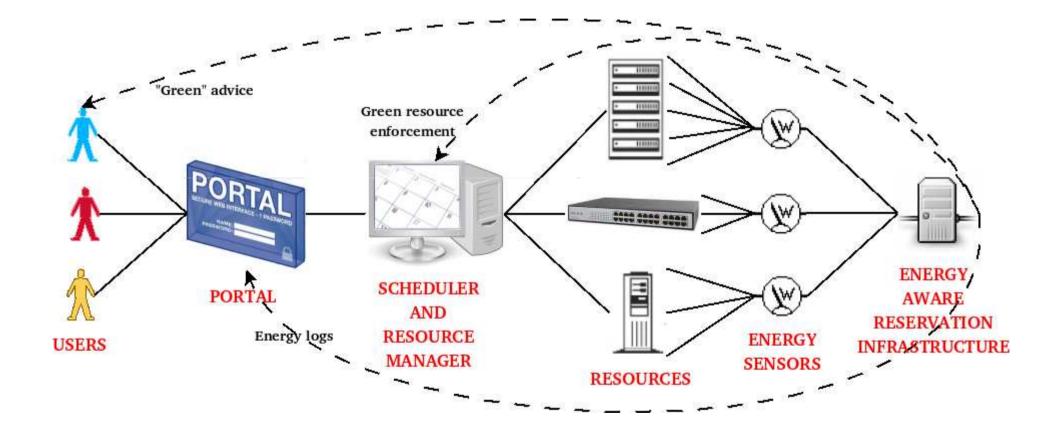
Energy-Aware Reservation Infrastructure







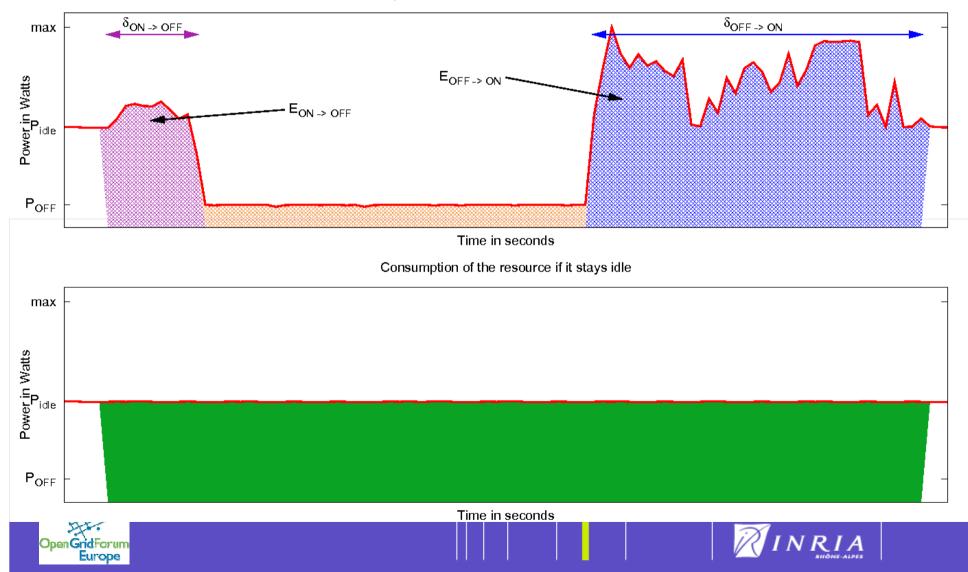
Architecture of an energy aware platform







On/Off model? → optimization



Consumption of the resource if it is switched off and on

On/Off model? → prediction

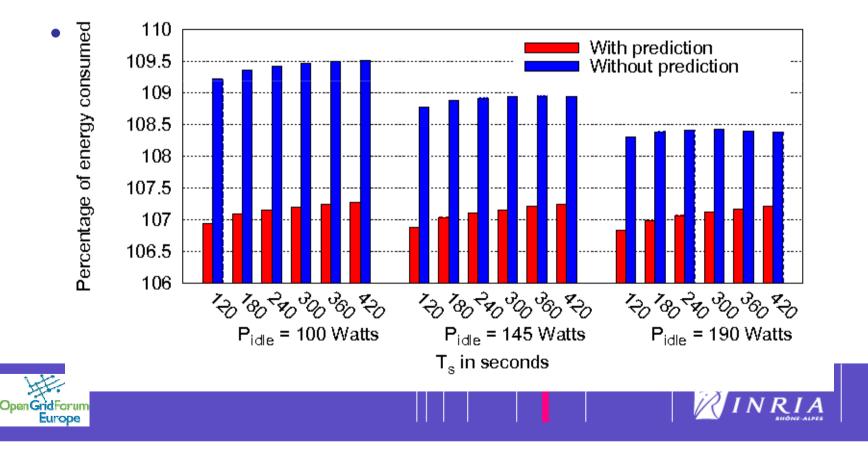
- At the end of a reservation, we want to know if it is better to shut down the nodes or not.
- Prediction :
 - What :
 - Next reservation (size, duration, start time)
 - Next empty period
 - Energy consumption of a reservation
 - With :
 - Recent history (last reservation) + feedback
 - Recent reservations days + feedback
 - User history + resources





Prediction evaluation based on replay

- Example : Bordeaux site (650 cores, 45K reservations, 45% usage)
- 100 % : theoritical case (future perfectly known)



Green policies

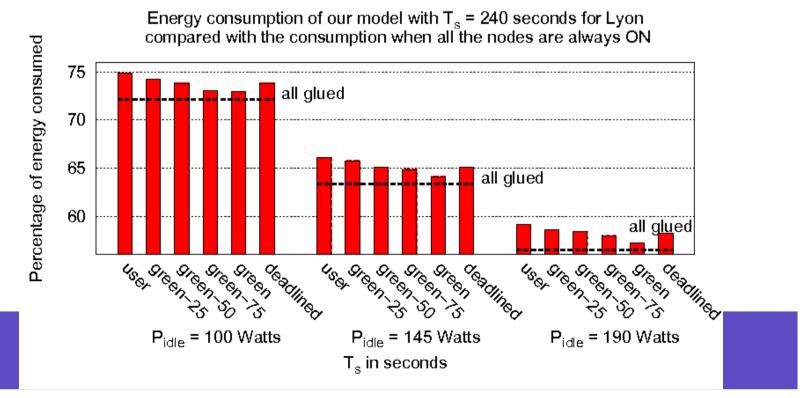
- **User** : requested date
- 25% green : 25% of jobs follow Green advices the rest follow user request
- 50% green : 50% of jobs follow Green advices the rest follow user request
- 75% green : 75% of jobs follow Green advices the rest follow user request
- Fully green : solution with uses the minimal amount of energy and follow Green advices
- **Deadlined** : fully green for 24h after :user





Green policies evaluation and future energy savings

- Example of Lyon site (322 cores, 33K reservations, 46% usage)
- Current situation : always ON nodes(100 %) All glued : unreachable theroritical limit
- For Lyon site : saving of 73 800 kwh for 2007 period
- 1209159 kWh for the full Grid5000 platform (without aircooling and network equipments) on a 12 month periods

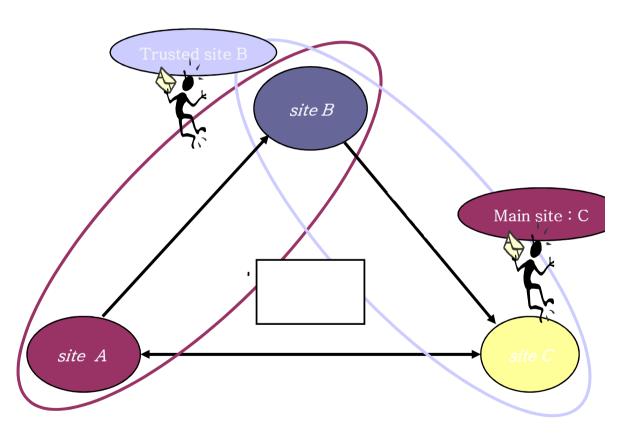




Required frameworks for operationnal energy savings

- Supporting network presence for OFF equipments (distributed trust delegations)
- Adapting a Resource Management System for energy efficiency (based on OAR)

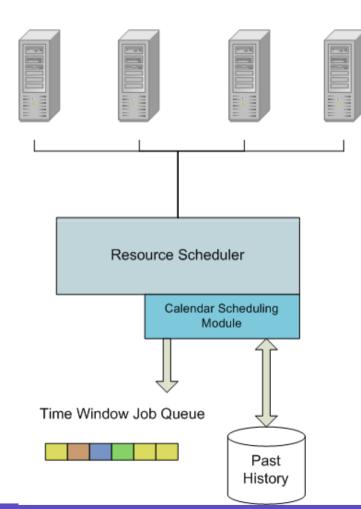
Slide provided by IRIT Team (J.M. Pierson, G. Da Costa)







Prediction Based Energy efficient scheduling



Model based upon past, current and future workload of the cluster

Automated Decisions

- Suspend-To-Ram (for small idle periods)
- Suspend-To-Disk (for medium idle periods)
- Shutdown(for big idle periods)

Users / soft control device power policies during job execution

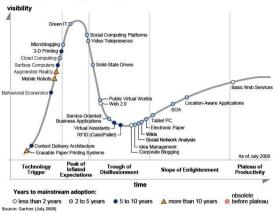
- Actions like: CPU-GPU Frequency, HardDisk spin down/power off, Network card speed/power off,...
- Used by: Programmed clever applications that provide which device is needed and which can be shut down or function slower

Slide provided by MESCAL INRIA Team (O. Richard, Y. Georgiou)





Figure 1. Hype Cycle for Emerging Technologies, 2008





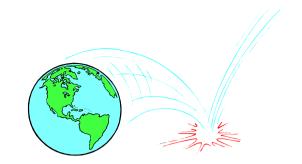


- How to be energy efficient → how to reduce the watts on a large scale ?
- The energy aspects will /must change the way we design software, protocols and services
- The frameworks and middleware can/must help
- Solutions for large scale / worldwide Grids
- Human factor : are we ready to sacrifice some QoS/performance ?





Current requirements



- Need of energy aware resources and equipments !
- Common practice to access energy logs
- Need of open and adapted energy aware benchmarks
- We are looking for logs ! ③

Questions?

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